2016 FSAE ELECTRIC INSPECTION SHEET

UNIVERSITY:	CAR NUMBER:
SES PASSED: € YES □ NO	BODY PROTECTION RESISTOR:
IADR PASSED: 🗆 YES 🗆 NO	ESF PASSED: 🗆 YES 🔹 NO
TS VOLTAGE:	GLVS VOLTAGE:

IMPORTANT

PRESENT THE VEHICLE FOR INSPECTION IN THE FOLLOWING ORDER:

1. ELECTRICAL INSPECTION

2a. SAFETY GEAR CHECK (Bring all items from "DRIVER'S EQUIPMENT" section below, plus rain tires)

2b. MECHANICAL TECHNICAL INSPECTION

3. TILT TABLE INSPECTION

4. RAIN TEST

5. BRAKING PERFORMANCE INSPECTION

THIS FORM MUST STAY WITH THE CAR UNTIL THAT SPECIFIC PART OF INSPECTION HAS BEEN COMPLETED NOTE - IF THERE IS A CONFLICT BETWEEN THIS FORM AND THE RULES, THE RULES PREVAIL

ELECTRICAL INSPECTION

PART 1	ELECTRICAL INSPECTION		
Scrutineer name:		Start time:	
Check that ESF and FMEA are avai	lable printed on paper:	End time:	
Available? Check if yes			
	ESF 🛛]	
GENERAL			
Identify Electrical System Officer	The ESO will be the central team contact during Electrical Inspection	Ask for the ESO	
Separation of TS and GLVS on self-developed PCBs	Check that on self-developed PCBs TS and GLVS are clearly separated. Check spare PCBs or photographs, if available. Otherwise check built-in PCBs.	Visible check	
	Two tractive system voltage measuring points and a GLVS ground point must be installed directly next to the master switches, right side of the vehicle, shoulder height of the driver.	Visible check	
Tractive System measuring points	The measuring points must be protected by a non-conductive housing that can be opened without tools.	Visible check	
	The measuring points must be protected from being touched with the bare hand/fingers, once the housing is opened. 4mm shrouded banana jacks rated to an appropriate voltage level have to be used.	Visible check	
Tractive System measuring points	The TSMPs must be marked with HV+ and HV-	Visible check	
GND measuring point	Must be positioned next to the TSMPs and must be marked with GND.	Visible check	
GLVS voltage	Measure GLVS Voltage between GLVS battery plus or DC/DC converter plus and chassis.	Must be equal to or less than 40VDC.	
Dis-charge Circuit and Body Protection Resistors	The discharge circuit has to be wired in a way that it is always active whenever the shutdown circuit is open. If a discharge circuit is used a low resistance can be measured between HV+ and HV- whenever the tractive system is de-activated.	Measure resistance between HV+ and HV- with mult	
	All visible HV wiring or their cable channels must be orange.	Visible check	
HV wiring	All tractive system wiring that runs outside of electrical enclosures must either be enclosed in separate organe non-conductive conduit or use an orange shielded cable.	Visible check	
	The conduit or shielded cable must be securely anchored at least at each end so that it can withstand a force of 200N without straining the cable and crimp and must be located out of the way of possible snagging or damage.	Visible check / Manual Check	
	Tractive sysem wiring must be shielded against damage by rotating and/or moving parts.	Visible check	
	No wires are allowed to run lower than the chassis.	Visible check	
	TS wires and GLVS wires are clearly separated / do not run directly next to each other / bounded together by cable rods or in the same cable channel!!! ALLOWED ONLY INTERLOCK SIGNALS!!!	Visible check	

ELECTRICAL INSPECTION

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GENERAL (Cont'd)		
HV Wiring	Wires must be marked with gauge, temperature rating and voltage rating, serial number or norm is also sufficient, if the team shows the datasheet in printed form.	Visible check
	Wire temperature rating must be suitable for position of the wire in the car (e.g. next to hot components)	Visible check
HV wiring / Connections	Using only insulating tape or rubber-like paint for insulation is prohibited.	Visible check
wing / connections	Bolted connections in the high current path must have a positive locking mechanism.	
rs Fusing	All wiring protected by fuse with current rating <= ampacity of wire.	
	All fuses in HV system have appropriate DC voltage rating	
GLV Fusing	All wiring protected by fuse with current rating <= ampacity of wire.	
HV warning stickers	Each housing/enclosure containing HV parts (except motor housings) must be labeled with a HV sticker.	Visible check
Tractive System protection	It must not be possible to touch any tractive system connections with a 100 mm long, 6 mm diameter insulated test probe when the tractive system enclosures are in place.	Check with probe
	Tractive System components and containers must be protected from moisture in the form of rain or puddles.	Visible check
	The HV Disconnect is clearly marked with "HVD"	Visible check
	It must be possible to disconnect the HVD without removing any bodywork.	Visible check
High Voltage Disconnect	In ready to race condition it must be possible to disconnect the HVD within 10 seconds.	The team must demonstrate how to operate the HVD within 10 secs.
	If opening the HVD is possible without the use of tools, a pilot contact/interlock line has to be implemented which breaks the current through the AIRs whenever the connector is removed.	Visible check
Outboard Wheel Motors	Outboard wheel motors required an interlock is added such that the Shutdown Circuit is opened if the wheel assembly is damaged or knocked off the car.	Visible check
Energy Meter wiring	All energy from accumulator containers must flow through a single point, the Energy Meter connection point for energy measuring.	Visible check
Transfilm Original Action Links	Tractive system active light must be mounted under the highest point of the main roll hoop	Visible check
Tractive System Active Light	The TSAL must be visible by a person standing up to 3m away from the TSAL. The person's minimum eye height is 1.6m.	Visible check
	One shutdown button, push-pull or push-rotate-pull on each side behind the drivers compartment (height approx. drivers head), one in cockpit and easily accessible by the driver in any steering wheel position	Visible check
Shutdown Buttons	Minimum diamter of shutdown buttons on the side = 40mm. Minimum diamter of shutdown button in the cockpit = 24mm.	Visible check
	The shutdown buttons are not easily removable, e.g. mounted onto a removable body work.	Visible check
	The international electrical symbol consisting of a red spark on a white- edged blye triable must be affixed in close proximity to three switches.	Visible check
Brake-over-travel-switch	Brade-over-travel-switch must be positioned behind the brake pedal	Visible check
TS and GLVS Master switches	TS and GLVS mastwer switch on the right side of the vehicle, approx. at the height of the drivers shoulders. The ON position must be in horizontal position.	Visible check
	Clearly marked with HV and LV respectively and red or black lightning bold on a yellow background or red lightning bolt on a white background marks TSMS.	Visible check
	Both switches must be a rotary type with a removable handle.	Visible check
	TSMS must be fitted with a "lockout/tagout" capability.	Visible check
Inertia switch	The device must be mechanically attached to the vehicle, however it must be possible to demount the device so that its functionality can eb tested by shaking it.	Visible check

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	A firewall must separate the driver compartment from all components of high voltage system (including HV wiring).	Visible check	
Firewall(s)	The firewall must be made from or coated with an electrically insulating material or there must be an electrically insulating barrier between all the tractive system components and the firewall.	Visible check	
	The firewall must be fire resistant according to UL94-V0, FAR25 or equivalent.	Visible check	
	The firewall must be punture and scratch resistant.	Visible check	
	At least two sensors must be fitted and not sharing supply or signal lines	Visible check	
	The foot pedal must have a positive stop to prevent sensors from being mechanically overstressed.	Visible check / Manual check	
Torque Encoder	Two springs must be used to return the throttle pedal to the off position and each spring must work with the other disconnected. NOTE: The springs in the torque encorders/sensors are not acceptable return springs.	Visible check / Manual check	
Brake System Encoder	A brake pedal position sensor or brake pressure switch must be fitted to check for plausibility.	Visible check	
Brake System Master Cylinder	The brake system master cylinder must be actuated directly or by a mechanical connection. The use of bowden cables or push-pull bowden cables is not allowed. The first 90% of the brake pedal travel may be used to regenerate brake energy without actuating the hydraulic brake system. The remaining brake pedal travel must directly actuate the hydraulic brake system, but brake energy regeneration may remain active.	Visible check / Manual check	
Charger	Chargers must be accredited to a recognized standard e.g. CE. When built by the team they must be built to high standards and conform with all electrical requirements for the vehicle TS.	Visible check and mark	
Charger	Charger must incorporate an interlock such that the connectors only become live if is correctly connected to the accumulator.	Visible check	
	HV charging leads must be orange.	Visible check	
ACCUMULATOR CONTAINER	I	1	
HV Accumulator(s) must be enclosed	The poles of the accumulator stack(s) and/or cells must be insulated against the inner wall of the accumulator container, if the container is made of electrically conductive material.	Visible check (photos taken during assembly are acceptable)	
Internals - Cell connection	Contacting / interconnecting the single cells by soldering in the high current path is prohibited . Soldering wires to cells for the voltage monitoring input of the BMS is allowed.	Visible check (photos taken during assembly are acceptable)	
	Parallel (strings of) batteries must be inidividually fused to protect all the componenets on that string. Fusible links acceptable if EV6.1.5 met.	Visible check	
Internals - AIR / Fuse	Every accumulator container must contain at least one fuse and at least two accumulator insulation relays.	Visible check (photos taken during assembly are acceptable)	
Internals - Maintenance plugs	Maintenance plugs or similar measures have to be taken to allow separating the internal cell stacks. Cell stacks must have a voltage less than 120VDC and a maximum energy of 12MJ . The separation has to affect both poles of the stack.		
Internals - Cell stacks	Each stack ahs to be electrically insulated by the use of suitable materials towards other stacks in the container and on top of the stack. Air is not considered to be a suitable insulation material in this case.	Visible check (photos taken during assembly are acceptable)	
Internals - Cell stack barriers	The contained cell stacks must be separated by an insulating and fire resistant (according to UL94-V0, FAR25 or equivalent) barrier in a way, that no single cell stack contains more than 6MJ energy, if fully charged. These barriers are only needed, if cells are used, which are not LiFePO4.	Visible check (photos taken during assembly are	
Indicator Light / Voltmeter	Each container must have an indicator showing that voltages greater than 40V DC are present oustide of the container.	Visible check	
Accumulator Container Connectors	If HV-connectors of the accumulator containers can be removed without the use of tools, a pilot contact/interlock line has to be implemented which breaks the current through line AIRs.	Visible check	
Openings in container	Holes in the container are only allowed for the wiring-harness, ventilation, cooling or fasteners. These holes must be sealed against water.	Visible check	
Equalizing Valve	If the container is completely sealed, it must have an equalizing valve	Visible check	
Spare accumulator(s)	Must have the same size, weight and typ	weight, visible check, mark	l

PART 1, contd.

ELECTRICAL INSPECTION

GENERAL (Cont'd)

Cell Voltage Monitoring	AMS must monitor the cell voltage of each cell.	Activate GLVS and show measurement	
Cell Lemperature Monitoring	AMS must monitor the temperature of at least 30% of the cells, if a cell chemistry is used, which is not LiFePO.		
	A red LED marked "AMS" or "BMS" must be installed in the cockpit that lights up, if the BMS shuts down the car.	Visible check (function must not be demonstrated)	

All electrically conductive parts of the vehicle (e.g. parts made of steel, (anodized) aluminum, any other metal parts, etc.) which are within 100mm of any tractive system or GLV component, and any driver harness mounting points, seat mounting points and driver controls must have a resistance below 300 mOhms (measured with a current of 1A) to GLV system ground.

All parts of the vehicle which may become electrically conductive (e.g. completely coated metal parts, carbon fibre parts, etc.) which are within 100mm of any tractive system or GLV component, must have a resistance below 5 Ohm to GLV system ground.

Part (only if applicable)	conductive (max. 300 mOhm)	may become conductive/coated (max 5 Ohm)		
Frame / Monocoque			[mΩ]:	
Firewall(s)			[mΩ]:	
Accumulator container			[mΩ]:	
Seat mounting points			[mΩ]:	
Driver harness mounting points			[mΩ]:	
Conductive housings with TS parts inside			[mΩ]:	
Steering wheel surface			[mΩ]:	
Pedal box			[mΩ]:	
Main Roll Hoop			[mΩ]:	
Suspension Front Left			[mΩ]:	
Suspension Front Right			[mΩ]:	
Suspension Rear Left			[mΩ]:	
Suspension Rear Right			[mΩ]:	
Driver Controls / Switches / Etc.			[mΩ]:	
External Heat Sink			[mΩ]:	
Carbon fiber parts typically touched when trying to move the car with TS deactivated			[mΩ]:	
Accumulator Management System Data Connector			[mΩ]:	
Additional Part			[mΩ]:	
Measure the isolation between HV measuring poin whichever is the next higher value to the tractive-	nts and chassis ground, choose next vo system voltage)	Itage level above the tractive system	voltage level, (either 250V or 500V	
	R iso+ [k Ω] (min 0.5 kOhm/Volt + BPR		HV+ Measured resistance:	
Insulation Measurement Test	R iso+ [k Ω] (min 0.5 kOhm/Volt + BPR		HV- Measured resistance:	

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ELECTRICAL INSPECTION

All driven wheels k	ITEST AT HIGH VOLTAGE!!! nave to be off the ground! Car has to be jacked up	with driven wheels removed
TS only allowed to be powered up, when	Try to switch on Tractive System with GLVS Master switch in Off- Position	No voltage above 40VDC allowed at measurement points
GLVS is powered up	Switch on Tractive System and then switch off GLVS Master switch.	Tractive system must switch off as well
Tractive System Voltage	Measure HV during following tests. Must be less than or equal to 300VDC	[V]:
Pre-Charge Circuit	A circuit that is able to pre-charge the intermediate circuit to 90% of the current accumulator voltage before closing the second AIR has to be implemented.	Check with multimeter during power up of the tractive system that the system is pre-charged before the second AIR closes.
Accumulator Indicator	Accumulator Indicator has to show if voltage above 40VDC is present outside of the container.	Visible check
	The TSAL must be switched on whenever outside of accumulator container exceeds 40V DC or 25V AC RMS	Visible check / use multimeter
Tractive System Active Light	The TSAL must be clearly visible from every horizontal direction, even in bright sunlight. Small angles of invisibility may be caused by the main roll hoop.	Visible check
	The TSAL must be red.	Visible check
	The TSAL has to flash continuosly with a frequency between 2Hz and 5Hz	Visible check
Calculate IMD Test-Resistor Value	R_Test = (max. TS voltage * 250Ω/V) - BPR	R test [kΩ]:
IMD	IMD indicator light insdie the cockpit must be marked with "IMD" and must be RED	Visible check
	IMD Status must be shown to the driver (visible in bright sunlight)	Visible check
	Activate Tractive System, Connect R_Test between HV+ and GLVS ground	TS voltage must decrease below 40VDC in 5sec, IMD may take up to 30s to react
IMD Test	Activate Tractive System, Connect R_Test between HV- and GLVS ground	TS voltage must decrease below 40VDC in 5sec, IMD may take up to 30s to react
IMD or BMS Error disables TS	The tractive system may not automatically return to active state after the IMD test resistor was removed or a BMS error disabled it. The Driver must not be able to reactive the tractive-system.	Demonstrated by the team
Seal all important parts after the IMD test was passed successfully	Accumulator container, Motor Controller Housing, etc.	
	All switches on> TS Master switch off	
	All switches on> CS Master switch off	
Tractive System master switch, shutdown	All switches on> left shutdown button off	Γ
buttons and brake-over-travel-switch and interlocks	All switches on> right shutdown button off	TS voltage must decrease below 40VDC in 5 sec
Interioeks	All switches on> Cockpit shutdown button off	
	All switches on> brake-over-travel-switch off	
	All switches on> Open Interlock(s) of outbaord wheel motor (if applicable)	
Inertia switch	Unmount inertia switch. Activate TS and measure HV voltage. Shake the switch and check if TS is shutdown. TS is not allowed to reactivate without a manual reset e.g. by the driver	TS voltage must decrease below 40VDC in 5 sec
Charging	When charging, the AMS must be live and must be able to turn off the charger in the event that a fault is detected.	Set vehicle to charge. Team must demonstrate AMS is active.
	Only closing the shutdown circuit must not set the car to ready-to-drive mode. The car is ready to drive as soon as the motor(s) will respond to the input of the torque encoder / acceleration pedal.	Check that car is not automatically Ready-To-Drive, when TS is activated.
Ready-to-Drive Mode	Additional actions are required by the driver to set the car to ready-to-drive mode, e.g. pressing a dedicated start button, after the tractive system has been activated. One of these actions must include the brake pedal being pressed as ready-to-drive mode is entered.	The team must demonstrate how the car is set to Ready-To-Drive mode by the driver (pressing the brake pedal is mandatory)

	ELECTRICAL INSPECTION	
orque Encoder / Brake Pedal Plausibility Check	Torque encoder is at more than 25% and brake is actuated simultaneously. The motors have to shut down. The motor power shut down has to remain active until the torque encoder signals less than 5% pedal travel, no matter whether the brake pedal is still actuated or not.	Check that driven axles turn with torque encoder > 25%. Then additionally activate the brake-motors must stop. Release brake -> motor is still shutdown. Slowly drop torque encoder until it is below 5%. Motors are allowed to move again after torque encoder has gone below 5%.
orque Encoder Implausibility Check	If implausibility occurs between the values of two torque encoder sensors the power to the motor(s) has to be immediately shut down completely. It is not necessary to completely deactivate the Tractive System. Implausibility is defined as a deviation of more than 10% pedal travel between the sensors. If three sensors are used at least two sensors have to be within 10% pedal travel, etc.	Check that driven axles turn, then disconnect at least 50% of the sensors and check that the power to the motors is shut down. The sensor should be disconnected while the axles are turning?
Brake System Plausibility Device	A standalone non-programmable circuit must be used on the car such that when braking hard (without locking the wheels) and when a positive current is delivered from the motor controller (a current to propel the vehicle forward), the AIRs will be opened. The current limit for triggering the circuit must be set at a level where 5kW of electrical power in the DC circuit is delivered to the motos at the nominal battery voltage. The action of opening the AIRs must occur if the implausibility is persistent for more than 0.5 sec.	The team must devise a test to prove this required function during Electrical Tech Inspection. However, it is suggested that it should be possible to achieve this by sending an appropriate signal to the non-programmable circuit that represents the current to achieve 5kW whilst pressing the brake pedal to a position or with a force that represents hard braking.
Brake System Plausibility Device	The Brake Plausibility Device may only be reset by power cycling the GLVS Master Switch.	Check that TS is only re-activated, after the GLVS has been cycled.
Regenerating Energy	Regenerating energy is not allowed below a vehicle speed of 5kph.	Set car to ready-to-drive-mode and actuate the brake pedal slightly without activating the hydraulic brake circuit. Turning a driven wheel/axle by hand must be possible.
Brake Light	One RED brake light, clearly visible from the rear; on vehicles centerline; height between wheel centerline & driver's shoulders. Round, triangle, or rectangular on black background. 15cm ² minimum illuminated area. Sufficient brightness for visible activation in bright sunlight.	Visible check during the test containing brake pedal actuation.
	!! Test at High Voltages Completed !! TRACTIVE SYSTEM HAS TO BE SHUT-OF	
	Accumulator container(s) including spares	Part sealed:
	Motor Controller housing	Part sealed:
	Energy Meter housing	Part sealed:
eal important parts after the TS tests ave been passed successfully	IMD housing	Part sealed:
ave been passed successionly	TSAL circuitary housing	Part sealed:
	Additional Part:	Part sealed:
	Additional Part:	Part sealed:
ar movement	Check car movement with all electrical systems deactivated	Try to move the car manually with deactivated TS
	Insulated cable shear	Visible check
	Insulated screw drivers	Visible check
asic set of HV-proof tools	Multimeter with protected probe tips	Visible check
	Insulated spanners, if screwed connections are used in the Tractive System	Visible check
	Face Shield	Visible check
afety Glasses		Visible check
V isolating gloves	Test date within last 12 months	Visible check
	At least 1m2 (36" x 36")	Visible check
V isolating blanket(s)		1
HV isolating blanket(s) Push Bar	A pair of high-voltage insulating glvoes, a multimeter and a fire extinguisher have to be attached to the push bar.	Visible check

CAR NUMBER:

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ELECTRICAL INSPECTION

SCHOOL:

NON-COMPLIANCE / COMMENTS:

APPROVED BY:

DATE/TIME:

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